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Thank You,

Name:

Albert G Smith

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5160 Diamond Hs Blvd C308

Address: City/State/Zip:

San Francisco CA 94131 10. Pan is Wilduffa Sir-

arrent Ca

Official Public Comment

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Address: City/State/Zip:

Official Public Comment

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Thank You,

Name:

Address: City/State/Zip; la Petricio L. Black

167 Breen St Drescot City, CA 95531-2277

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Postcards from Albert G. Smith, Neil Strutters, and Patricia L. Black

3843-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3844-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3845-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3846

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Name:	Gary Dillon SEREIVE
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City/State/Zip:	SAM JOSC CAL 9 JAN 55 200
	US Fish & Wildlife S
	Arcata, CA

Official Public Commen

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Thank You,	~ ①	
Name:	E. KABWOWE	JAN 05 2000
Address:	77 NoRWICH WAY	US Fish & Wildlife Servi
City/State/Zip;	PLEASANT HILL CA 9	Arcata, CA.

Official Public Comment

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Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

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risana rou,		
Name:	Tim PAIK- Nicery	RECEIVE
Address:	9>0/ 40-4 - 54	JAN 05 200
City/State/Zip:	McKinhervines CA95519	war a Wildlife
		Arcata. CA

Postcards from Gary Dillon, E. Rabinowe, and Tim Paik-Nicely

3846-1	Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."
3847-1	Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."
3849-1	Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

Postcard from Marc Villania

3848-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

Official Public Comment

3848

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Name: Marc Villania

Address: 13629 Lakeland Rd.

City/State/Zip: Whi Hier, CA 90605

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Thank You,

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Official Public Comment

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Thank You,

Name: Address:

JAN 05 2000

City/State/Zip;

US Eish & Wildlife Servic. Arceta, CA

Official Public Comment

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Name: Address:

JAN 05 2000

City/State/Zip:

CA9583 & Fish & Wildlife Som

Postcards from Janelle Thompson, Nina Groth Ghera, and David Coppedge

3850-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3851-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3852-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3853

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Thank You,

Name:

Address: City/State/Zip Mr. Duntel Spero 223 Wixon Ave. Aptos, CA 65008-4626 JAN () 5 2000 US Fish & Wildlife Servic

Official Public Comment

3854

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Thank You,

Name: Address: C.T. Newmyer

JAN 05 2000

US TISH & Wildliffe Service

City/State/Zip: Ridgecrest, LA 9355

Official Public Comment

3855

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Thank You,

City/State/Zip:

Name: Address: Corall Stone

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JAN 05 2000

JS Fish & Wildlife Ser/ii Arcata, CA

Postcards from Daniel Spero, C. T. Newmyer, and Ronald Stone

3853-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3854-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3855-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

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JS Fish & Wildlife Servic-Arcata, CA

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Official Public Comment

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Thank You,

Name: Address:

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City/State/Zip:

Postcards from Robert B. Flint, Jr., Hannah Parkinson, and Vern Powell

3856-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3857-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3858-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

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Address:	30 BM 170	
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Official Public Comment

* 2 %, Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

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Thank You,		
Name;	HELINDA PARKS	RECEIVED
Address:	HCR#34	JAN 05 2000
City/State/Zip:	BURNT RONCH, CH 95	E248 Wildlife Se
	75	Arcata, CA

Official Public Comment

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Thank You,		·
	Barry Powert	RECEIVED
Address:	70 BUX 124	JAN 05 2000
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	C.s	Arcata, CA

Postcards from Odus Powell, Melinda Parks, and Barry Powell

3859-1	Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."
3860-1	Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."
3861-1	Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

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Name: Address:

JAN 05 2000

JS Fish & Wildlife Sen.ic.

Official Public Comment

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Thank You, Name:

SECEIVED JAN 05 2000

Address:

City/State/Zip: SAUSALITO, CA 94965

JS Fish & Wildlife Served

Official Public Comment

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Thank You.

Name:

Weed . CA 96094 JAN 05 2000 City/State/Zip:

US Fish & Wildlife Servin

Postcards from Keefe Goldfisher, Richard Brakken, and Bonnie Thomas

3862-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3863-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3864-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3865

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Thank You,

Name:

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City/State/Zip: Knowlman CA 9 5545

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Official Public Commen

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Dear EIS/EIR Team Members: 172

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Thank You,

Name:

JAN 05 2000

US Fish & Wildlife Service Arcata, CA

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Official Public Comment

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Thank You,

Name:

Robber Lacy

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Address: City/State/Zin: POBOX 4340 HODON CAMP CA 94

JAN 05 2000

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Postcards from Julia Hesse, M. H. Riley, and Robbin Lacy

3865-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3866-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3867-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

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Official Public Comment

3868

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City/State/Zip: Burnt RANLL, 95527

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Official Public Comment

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Thank You,
Name:
Dixie L. MS Tribosh BECEIVES
Address:
Po. Box 1616
Willow Creek CA 9533340.05,200

US Fish & Wildlife Ser Arcata, CA

Official Public Comment

3870

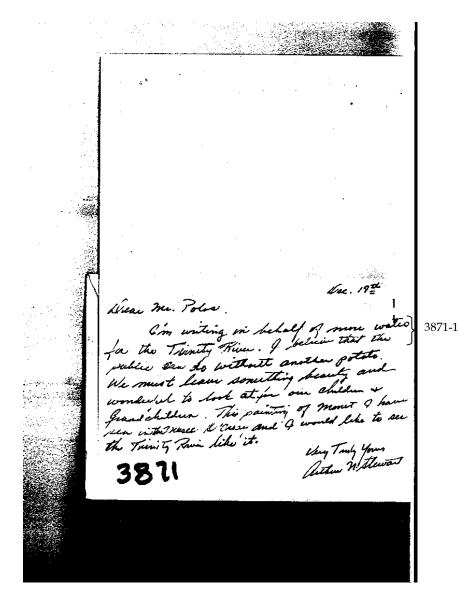
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Thank You,	
Name:	1 Jane
Address:	8 Oll Od Carult
City/State/Zip:	DIABLO CA 94521

Postcards from Delma Powell, Dixie L. McIntosh, and D. Jenason

3868-1	Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."
3869-1	Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."
3870-1	Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."



Letter from Arthur N. Stewart Dated December 19, 1999

3871-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3872

Barbara J. Stickel P.O. Box 75 Moss Beach, CA 94039-0075 (850) 207-1238 analysiskilometeore

December 27, 1999

Mr. Joe Polos U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service 1125 - 16th Street, Room 209 Arcata, CA 95521

Re: Draft Trinity River Environmental Impact Statement and Report

Dear Mr. Polos:

I believe the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the about of water that could be available for the river.

3872-1

Legislation creating the Trinity River diversion and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. I oppose any diversions from any of our rivers, and in no event would I support a diversion of more than thirty percent (30%) of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. The people of the State of California and the fish and wildlife of the Trinity River deserve a year-round functioning river system.

3872-1

contd.

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Rarbara Stickel

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JAN () 5 2006 US Fish & Wildlife Service Arcata, CA

Letter from Barbara J. Stickel Dated December 27, 1999

3872-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."



3873

BUARD OF SUPERVISORS

COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT

25 STH STREET

EUREKA, CALIFORNIA 95501-1172 PHONE (707) 445-7471

December 14, 1999

Mr. Joe Polos U.S. Pish and Wildlife Service 1655 Heinden Road Arcata, CA 95521

Re: Joint Draft EIS/ EIR for Trinity River Mainstern Fishery Restoration (SCH94123009)

Dear Mr. Polos:

The Humboldt County Board of Supervisors has reviewed the Draft EIS/EIR and has found that the document meets the requirements of NEPA and CEQA. In addition the Board would like to go on record as supporting the preferred alternative which consists of the flow evaluation alternative coupled with additional watershed protection efforts.

The Board appreciated the coverage of the potential effects on Tribal trust assets of the preferred alternative and was encouraged to note that the lead agencies selected the healthy altuvial river model as a tool for essessing impacts.

It is recommended the Final EIS/EIR contain a section on the responsibility of the Bureau of Reclamation to protect the natural resources of the Trinity River under the Public Trust Doctrine.

3873-1

It was my Board's understanding that the purpose of the four public hearings was to receive comments on the Draft EIS/ EIR, and that these comments are due no later than December 20, 1999.

Also, it is my Board's understanding that they may file comments on the proposed project, ie, implementation of the preferred flow and watershed protection efforts at a later date. Please notify if this is incorrect.

Thank you for providing us an opportunity to comment on the adequacy of the Draft EIS/ EIR.

Very truly yours.

Chairm

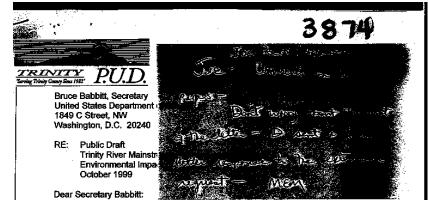
F/.../Tuttle/LttEIR-EIS

Letter from Board of Supervisors, County of Humboldt, Dated December 14, 1999

3873-1 Under California law, the state has a continuing affirmative duty to evaluate the impacts of water allocations on public uses of navigable waters, including, but not limited to, uses for navigation, commerce, fishing, recreation, and ecological benefit, and to prevent or minimize harm to such uses so far as feasible. California's Supreme Court has determined that the state's public trust responsibilities are perpetual and cannot be relinquished; state-issued permits to divert water from navigable water bodies or their tributaries must be reviewed in light of changing conditions and changing public priorities and may be revoked or amended as necessary to protect public trust interests.

The U. S. Supreme Court has held that, under the Reclamation Act of 1902 (and subsequent amendments), management of federal water projects must be consistent with state laws unless Congress explicitly directs otherwise. Congress has not directed otherwise in the case of the Trinity River. To the contrary, the Central Valley Project Improvement Act (P.L. 102-575, Sec. 3406(b)) has directed that the CVP be operated to meet "all decisions of the California State Water Resources Control Board establishing conditions on applicable licenses and permits for the project." Therefore, the Public Trust doctrine is applicable to Reclamation's operation of the CVP through permit terms and conditions imposed by the SWRCB.

The purpose and need statement of this DEIS/EIR and the proposed federal action are consistent with protection of public trust assets under state law. The document provides the information necessary for the state to carry out its public trust responsibilities, should the matter ever come to the State Water Resources Control Board (see DEIS/EIR, pages 1-21 and 5-3), and for the federal agencies to take action consistent with state law in this regard. The public trust assets of the Trinity River (fishing, recreation, navigation, and ecological benefits) are the same resources that will benefit from implementation of the Preferred Alternative.



On October 25, 1999, the Trinity Public Utilities District (TPUD) received the public draft of the Trinity River Mainstream Fishery Restoration, Environmental Impact Statement/Report (DEIS/EIR). The TPUD is a publicly owned non-profit utility district serving most of Trinity County, with low cost electric energy resulting from the Trinity River Division (TRD) of the Central Valley Project (CVP). Congress, by adoption of the TRD Act of 1955, made this low cost energy available to the citizens of Trinity County to offset some of the negative impacts the project would have on the local economy. The action proposed by the DEIS/EIR would have a significant adverse impact on Trinity County ditizens.

The TPUD respectfully requests that the date to present comments on the DEIS/EIR be extended until March 17, 2000. We also request that, in the next few weeks, workshops be held to answer questions the TPUD or other interested parties may have regarding the data presented and the conclusions reached in the DEIS/EIR, as well as the assumptions and methodologies used in the report.

As you know, seventeen years of study and research, and five years of drafting, have gone into preparation of this document. The final draft, numbering in the hundreds of pages, contains a staggering amount of information. The dollars and man-hours that went into the DEIS/EIR dwarfs the TPUD's total annual operating budget. It is simply not reasonable to expect the TPUD to find the time and money, given its limited resources, to respond to such a detailed and comprehensive document within 60 days. Without an extension of the comment period, it will not be possible for the TPUD to submit comments that fully address the TPUD's concerns or the interests of its customer/owners.

Our initial and cursory review of the document has generated many questions (see attached list). We believe that our comments would be much more constructive, and some of our concerns might be alleviated, if these questions REGE Weigners and some of our concerns might be understand that during the currently scheduled public hearings, the lead agencies intend to only take

DEC 27 1999

MSSDat M16: Weavervitte CA 96093 • Cust. Service (530) 623-5536 • Administration (530) 623-4564 • Fax (530) 623-5549 Arcata. CA

If in Trinity County, Call 1-800-968-7783

Letter from Trinity Public Utilities District
Dated November 11, 1999

Interior Secretary Bruce Babbitt November 11, 1999 Page Two

comments and will not be a forum to explain the methodologies and rationale used to develop the DEIS/EIR, nor will questions be answered. Given the potential economic and social impacts implementation of the DEIS/EIR's recommendations might have on our local citizenry, we believe these meetings should be changed to informational workshops. Such workshop should allow for sufficient dialogue to better understand the DEIS/EIR's recommendations, explore alternatives, and formulate more informed comments on the DEIS/EIR.

In summary, the TPUD believes that a substantive comment period, preceded by informational workshops, is vital for resolution of the local, regional, and national issues addressed in the DEIS/EIR. A more reasonable length in the comment period will help us better reach our common goals. Once again, we request that you please extend the comment period to March 17, 2000, and change the scheduled hearings to informational workshops.

If you have any comments or questions, please contact our General Manager, Rick Coleman, at (530) 623-4564, or myself, (530) 628-5686. Thank you for your consideration.

Gerland alk

Richard Adkins, Board President Trinity Public Utilities District

RA/bhs Attach.

cc: Senator Dianne Feinstein Senator Barbara Boxer

Senator Barbara Boxer Congressman Wally Herger State Senator Maurice Johannessen Assemblyman Richard Dickerson

Wirs-bd\1999\babbitt extend eis comment 111199

Letter from Trinity Public Utilities District continued

Why was it decided to make nearly all the comparisons based on projections to 2020? Why isn't there any discussion about how nebulous, uncertain, and 3874 - 1inaccurate the 2020 projections are? For some of the impacts, why is there an attempts to compare existing conditions to the 2020 "No Action," instead of providing this companion for all impacts? When discussing the "Environmental Justice" responsibilities, the Documents refer to the need for fair treatment to "minerities and towincome populations." The Executive Order clearly directs such treatment for "minority populations and low-income populations." Why: Doesn't Trinity County qualify as a low-income population? 3874-2 Shouldn't the recommended alternative seek to make sure that Trinity County's citizens do not bear a disproportionate share of the negative Shouldn't there be disclosure on the negative impacts Federal action has already caused Trinity County, both past and future? Why is there no discussion on the certainty of near term effects versus the less certain long term? 3874-3 Was there any attempt to place the myriad of dollar figures in a common perspective? In most instances, it is very difficult to tell if the dollar figure is in current dollars, 2020 dollars, or a sum of nominal dollars. Why do some parts of the report combine Trinity and Humboldt Counties, 3874-4 and other parts combine Trinity and Shasta Counties, and with the exception of power, never attempt to provide information on what will happen to just Trinity County? Did the projected increase of 66 jobs in Trinity and Shasta Counties include the effects of reductions in manufacturing jobs as a result of increased electric rates? Why do the CEQA objectives include protection of County of Origin water rights, but not protection of the County's First Preference energy rights?

Letter from Trinity Public Utilities District continued

3874-1 Please see thematic response titled "No Action Alternative/Existing Conditions Scenario and Range of Alternatives."

3874-2 The percent of population in poverty was used as the low-income indicator for this analysis. The most recent data for percent of population in poverty available at the time of the analysis was for 1996. This data indicates that California's percent of population in poverty is 16.5 and Trinity County's is 16.9. Therefore, the percent of population in poverty in Trinity County is not substantially different from the percent of population in poverty in the State of California as a whole. Consequently, Trinity County was not determined to be a low-income county.

Counties and sectors having substantial adverse economic (output, income, and employment) impacts were identified by alternative and region in Section 3.11 Socioeconomics. For the Flow Evaluation Alternative, no substantial adverse economic impacts were identified for Trinity County. In fact, positive, although not substantial, impacts were identified for the County.

While Section 1.2 Purpose and Need for the Action acknowledges the detrimental effects caused by past actions, the objective of the DEIS/EIR is to evaluate the potential environmental effects of the Trinity River restoration alternatives within the context of current and future 2020 conditions. Consequently, the baseline framework precludes substantial consideration of past actions.

Up-front cost impacts are likely to have a greater degree of certainty than the 2020 impacts because of their near-term nature. Despite the dam modification costs being based on preliminary "reconnaissance-level" estimates, many of the other cost elements are seen as reasonably accurate given they are based on recent experience. The aggregated long-term 2020 impacts are based on a series of input analyses and projection factors (e.g., population estimates) involving a range of certainty levels; it is therefore very difficult to speculate about the certainty of those estimates. The DEIS/EIR has been changed. Please see Chapter 2 of the FEIS/EIR, Changes to the DEIS/EIR.

While footnote 19 on page 3-356 indicates that all monetary values referred to in Section 3.11 were derived using 1997 dollars unless otherwise stated, we agree that this statement was not visible enough. The DEIS/EIR has been changed. Please see Chapter 2 of the FEIS/EIR, Changes to the DEIS/EIR.

3874-4

Because Trinity County is where the costs are incurred, the up-front cost analyses measure impacts in Trinity County only. Table 3-54 of the DEIS/EIR has been changed. Please see Chapter 2 of the FEIS/EIR, Changes to the DEIS/EIR.

The power analyses, despite having implications primarily for Trinity County, actually measure impacts to both Trinity and Shasta Counties to be consistent with the recreation analysis. The initial, direct impacts to personal consumption within Trinity County are accurate, but the total impacts for Trinity County are slightly overstated due to the use of the two-county model. The recreation analyses use a Trinity-Shasta County region because of the strong linkage of recreation-related spending between the two Counties. For example, most visitors to the Trinity River and Trinity Reservoir pass through Redding to reach these locations. Because of Redding's close proximity to these recreation areas and the limited amount of recreation-serving businesses in Trinity County, the recreation economy within these two Counties (Shasta and Trinity) is closely linked. Despite the focus on the two-county region, attempts were made to evaluate recreation effects within Trinity County alone by estimating Trinity County business revenues for the recreation activities. Trinity and Humboldt Counties were not combined for any of the socioeconomic analyses. However, as part of the analysis for the Lower Klamath River Basin/Coastal Area, Humboldt and Del Norte Counties were combined to assess the sportfishing impacts along the lower Klamath River.

3874-5

The Trinity County analysis includes the impacts of changing hydropower costs. The analysis measured impacts by assuming the increased power costs were passed on to the final consumer (please see Response 5311-28). If costs were passed on to manufacturing industries, reducing their net income, and this reduced net income also reduced payments (profits, wages) to local residents, then the results would be the same. In either case, the increased costs would reduce household disposable income, thereby generating adverse regional impacts across the entire economy, including secondary effects in the manufacturing sector.

3874-6

Protection of First Preference energy rights were not identified by Trinity County as a CEQA objective during the initial development of the DEIS/EIR because, under CEQA, project objectives must bear some relation to the nature of the regulatory approvals for which an EIR will be used. In other words, such objectives should include economic, social, or environmental benefits that could flow from the approval of a proposed project or an alternative to the project. In contrast, there is no point in defining as a project objective a goal that simply cannot be met by the various state or local approvals for which the EIR will be used.

In this case, the County, acting as lead agency, identified its own project objectives, and also articulated objectives of the other state or regional agencies that would or might rely on the EIR in granting some sort of regulatory approvals for the project. The latter entities include the State Water Resources Control Board, the North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board, and the Department of Fish and Game. Among them, the County and these other agencies have or may have the opportunity to influence the amount and timing of water stored in Lewiston and Trinity Reservoirs and flowing down the Trinity River, as well as the means of avoiding biological and other environmental impacts associated with channel modifications. No entity relying on the EIR portion of the EIS/EIR, however, has the regulatory power or authority to impose conditions on the power-generating aspects of the Central Valley Project.

The Department of Interior, in contrast, could have defined as part of its "statement of purpose and need" - a NEPA requirement - a goal of protecting Trinity County's First Preference energy rights, but chose not to do so. This decision reflects the Department of Interior's belief that the primary purpose of the project was to restore the Trinity River fishery, consistent with various federal statutory mandates and other regulatory directives.

The following questions relate to the estimated power cost impacts: How does a 6% decrease in CVP generation result in only a 3.5% increase in cost for the District? Do the models assume that there won't be any spilling of excess water? How much water is spilled historically versus the model's Why would the District, the highest "High-allocation" customer, realize a cost increase of only \$0.86/mWh, when an average "High-allocation" customer is expected to realize a \$1.25/mWh increase? . Why are the estimates of future market values used in the determination of Trinity County costs, instead of the changes in price of Western power? . Did the projected impacts on power costs not include a major portion of the \$72-115 million implementation costs power will likely fund? · How is it that a 6% reduction in energy production leads to a \$5.6 3874-7 million increase in power costs, but a 3% reduction causes a \$7 million. increase, and a 4% reduction a \$5.9 million increase, a cost per percent of reduction of 0.93, 2.33, and 1.47, respectively? To maximize capacity, was the re-regulation available from Lewiston. Whiskeytown, and Keswick Reservoirs optimized for each scenario? Why would less water over the mountain mean less pumping loads, when such an event will likely lead to more pumping loads for ground and off stream water storage? Did the analysis account for the fact that, under the 2004 Marketing Plan, capacity and the timing of the TRD energy is not material for Trinity County, but total annual energy production is? · Was the effect on Keswick generation considered? if there is a valid argument that capacity values are relevant to the TPUD, was the fact that we frequently peak in the winter considered? · Was Trinity County's load growth to 2020 considered? Did the analysis consider the effect that the flow decision would have on Trinity's Maximum Entitlement of First Preference Customers (MEFPC) 3874-8 under the 2004 Marketing Plan? In particular, was there any analysis on the cumulative impact on the MEFPC from the preferred Trinity Flow Decision, the CVPIA, and CalFed? Wouldn't the District's current need be met entirely by Western under all of 3874-9 the alternatives, since 25% of the energy generated by just the Trinity Dam meets our load? If so, why is this identified in only the No Action 3874-10 Why did the listing of controversial impacts include impacts on CVP water

Letter from Trinity Public Utilities District continued

A 6-percent reduction in generation results in a 3.5-percent increase in cost because not all power is priced at the same rate. Seasonal and daily fluctuations in demand influence cost to customers.

The models include reservoir spills. Historical spill rates are difficult to compare to model results because the model operates on a monthly time-step, whereas actual spills may occur over much shorter time frames. Further, spills are partially a function of downstream flow requirements and flood storage rules, both of which have changed for many CVP reservoirs since their completion.

It is not clear where the \$0.86/MWh figure was derived. The change in cost to high-allocation customers was included to disclose the relative impact to customers who rely on Western power for a large percentage of their power supply.

Changes in the value of power were used because it was assumed that customers who suffered a reduction in power supply would replace Western power at market rates. It was noted that the customers would also be affected by an increase in Western rates.

Please see thematic response titled "Implementation Funding and Relationship to Repayment, Reimbursement, and the CVPIA Restoration Fund" for a discussion of project repayment. Please also see the thematic response titled "Power Analysis" for additional information on the analysis conducted for the DEIS/EIR.

The relative changes in energy occur in different seasons, which affect both the value of marketable power (summer power is generally more valuable than winter power) and system demand for power (project use varies by alternative). The interactions of these two phenomenon affect the dollar impact of each alternative.

Re-regulating reservoirs were included in the analysis.

The primary source of pumping for the CVP is the Tracy Pumping Plant in the Delta and the San Luis Canal. Reductions in the availability of water can reduce the ability to pump water from the Delta, thereby reducing project use.

Trinity County PUD's annual energy requirements were not specifically analyzed in the DEIS/EIR. However, Trinity County PUD's load was projected to 2020, and it was determined that its load would not exceed its 25-percent First Preference entitlement with implementation of the Preferred Alternative.

Keswick was included in the analysis.

Western did not consider any CVP preference power customer's individual load requirements. For purposes of impact analysis, Western aggregated CVP preference power customer total load, and dispatched power into that load curve. Trinity County PUD's individual load curve is a component of the aggregate curve.

- 3874-8 Western did not specifically evaluate the impact to the MEFPC for the Cumulative Impacts Alternative. Western did perform an evaluation of the potential impact to the overall CVP power resources for the Cumulative Impacts Alternative. For information on how the Preferred Alternative would affect the First Preference status of Trinity County, please see thematic response titled "Power Analysis."
- 3874-9 For information on how the Preferred Alternative would affect the First Preference status of Trinity County, please see thematic response titled "Power Analysis." Trinity County PUD would continue to have access to First Preference power under all the alternatives.
- 3874-10 The issues listed as controversial are by no means an all-inclusive list. Given the nature of the proposed action, the range of anticipated beneficial and adverse impacts, and the wide range of comments received on the DEIS/EIR, the definition of "controversial" is based on one's perspective.

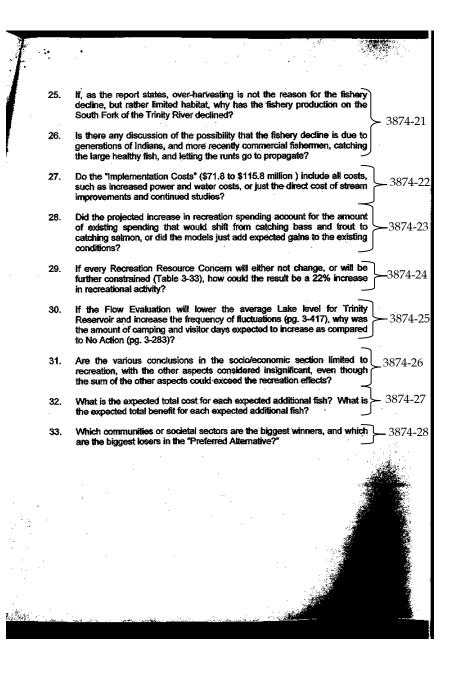
14.	Why do the first 6 of 8 mitigation measures for power impacts basically eliminate the need for water deliveries? How does this significantly mitigate power impacts?	3874-11
15.	Are the \$/mWh impacts in the report just Western power, or some kind of averaging of the various mixes of generating sources from all Western customers?	3874-12
16.	Why does Table ES-3 of the Executive Summary Indicate that the Preferred Alternative and Cumulative Impacts result in more water being delivered to CVP water customers?	3874-13
17.	Why are the air quality impacts of replacement generation treated as an afterthought in the Power section and not mentioned in the Air Quality section? Why is there no mitigation for power related Air Quality impacts?	3874-14
18.	Is it possible that the projected job increase of 66 in Trinity and Shasta Counties is a net figure resulting in one County gaining, and another losing, for a net effect of 66?	3874-15
19.	It appears that the purpose of nearly half the increased flow is to move earth and vegetation; couldn't this be done at a much lower cost by machinery?	3874-16
20.	Is there no discussion of the billions of dollars of historical benefits that have resulted from the TRD?	3874-17
21.	Is there any discussion of the drastic fishery declines that have occurred where there are no diversions, like the Smith River and the South Fork of the Trinity River?	3874-18
22.	Shouldn't the TRD's responsibility to improve the fishery be limited to some kind of proration of old versus current populations in the Smith River? Beyond that point, something besides the TRD is affecting the decline.	
23.	Does the "Adaptive Management Process" include provisions to reduce flows in the River if the fishery does not improve, or if there is more than what could be reasonably expected, given the Smith River situation?	3874-19
24.	Will there ever be another process to decide if the changes were worth the sacrifices? If so, by whom, when, and how?	3874-20
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- 3874-11 Mitigation measures included in the Power Resources section include actions that could reduce CVP water requirements, thereby reducing project use and increasing the amount of power available for marketing to customers. Further, several of the measures outlined under mitigation include potential increases in power supply (e.g., new surface-water reservoirs and constructing new generation). Please see thematic response titled "Mitigation for Significant Impacts."
- 3874-12 The dollar figures used in the report include both the increase in Western power rates and the cost of accessing additional power resources to offset reductions in Western power supply to customers.
- 3874-13 Please see Response 3359-08.
- Air quality impacts are not treated as an "afterthought" in the analysis. Because a reduction in electricity is not a direct impact on the environment, a reduction in generation in and of itself could not constitute a significant impact on the environment. However, when the reduction is considered as a direct cause of an increase in air emissions, the reduction in electricity supply is an impact on the environment, and therefore may be significant. By considering the impact in this manner, reductions in generation can be considered significant under NEPA and CEQA. Air quality impacts were not discussed in detail in the Air Quality section because the actual locations and emissions of the power plants are speculative at best. Further, the impact of increased emissions is noted as a significant impact in the Power Resources section.
- As noted on page 3-382, under Flow Evaluation Alternative Annual Impacts: Recreation-related spending associated with increases in use of the Trinity River and Trinity Reservoir would more than offset the decreases in recreation-related spending associated with projected declines in use at Shasta Reservoir. Neither the positive impact in Trinity County nor the negative impact in Shasta County were seen as substantial.

3874-16 Representative costs and benefits for both alternatives are presented for the Trinity River Basin, Lower Klamath River Basin/Coastal Area, and the Central Valley (including the San Felipe Unit of the CVP). Costs and benefits associated with the alternatives are discussed in detail in Chapter 2 Description of Alternatives and Sections 3.5 Fishery Resources, 3.8 Recreation, 3.9 Land Use, 3.10 Power Resources, 3.11 Socioeconomics, and 4.1 Cumulative Impacts.

It is difficult to determine a simple "cost" for a particular aspect of an alternative. For example, it is more expensive to retain bulldozers to implement restoration activities in the Mechanical Restoration Alternative than it is to release water from Lewiston Dam. However, the benefits that accrue from water releases in the Trinity Basin result in "costs" (i.e., forgone benefits) in the Central Valley. The relative effects and costs of the two alternatives for a range of resources are discussed in the sections named above.

- 3874-17 The benefits derived from the operation of the TRD are acknowledged in the selection criteria identified in Sections 2.1.1 Selection of the Preferred Alternative, as well as Section 2.2 Alternatives Considered but Eliminated.
- 3874-18 Please see Response 3874-17.
- 3874-19 Any decision to reduce flows in the Trinity River, regardless of the status of the fishery resources of the Trinity River, would be the result of the Adaptive Environmental Assessment and Management (AEAM) process, and specifically determined by the Management Council and the Secretary of the Interior's designee. Please see thematic response titled "Fisheries" concerning Smith River population comments.
- 3874-20 Any action taken beyond the scope of the DEIS/EIR would be subject to appropriate NEPA and CEQA compliance and associated public input.



3874-21 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

The DEIS/EIR examined increased harvest management as an alternative to restore anadromous fish populations. Historical overharvest is partly responsible for the decline of some West Coast anadromous fish populations and was cited as a causative factor in the decline of the Southern Oregon/Northern California Evolutionary Significant Unit (ESU) of coho salmon (U.S. National Marine Fisheries Service, 1997). Although harvest has been identified as a problem in the past, harvest management and restrictions have significantly increased in recent years.

Harvest (ocean troll and sport, inriver sport, and inriver tribal) of Klamath River Basin fall chinook (including Trinity River Basin fall chinook) is currently managed for a 33- to 34-percent brood spawning escapement rate, or a minimum natural spawning escapement level of 35,000 fish, whichever is greater. This management scheme is based on the biological productivity of the stock, maturity rates, and impact rates of the various fisheries.

The harvest of any fishery resource creates a shift in the age composition of the spawning stock because of the decreased probability of surviving to an older age with the execution of fisheries. In this instance, it is possible that there has been some influence on the age of the spawning populations in the Trinity River, but this probably occurred in the early 1900s when large commercial fisheries occurred at the mouth of the Klamath River. Although the age composition of the spawning escapement is quite variable, there is no indication that over the past 20+ years fishing has caused a change in this age composition.

The implementation costs, assuming to be incurred starting in 2001, are listed in Table 2-10 and reflect only the following cost elements: spawning gravel placement, construction of new channel projects, maintenance of new and existing channel projects, dredging, watershed restoration, AEAM, and dam modification. Other "costs" or negative effects of an alternative are evaluated based on 2020 conditions under the various resource areas: fisheries, recreation, land use (agriculture, M&I), and power. The 2020 condition more or less reflects the high point of expected annual impacts; it does not imply that impacts do not start until 2020.

- 3874-23 Trinity River fishing activity and spending were estimated as functions of instream flows and salmon catch rates. Estimating substitution of fishing activity between species was beyond the capability of the models. To the extent that fishers would substitute species, the results of the recreation analyses may be overstated. The DEIS/EIR has been changed. Please see Chapter 2 of the FEIS/EIR, Changes to the DEIS/EIR.
- 3874-24 The commentor is correct in stating that every Recreation Resource Concern in Table 3-33 will either not change when compared to No Action/Existing Conditions, or will be further constrained. Also, as shown in Table 3-34 of the DEIS/EIR, the total number of Trinity River Visitor Days increases by 22 percent as compared to No Action. Although this conclusion may appear counter-intuitive, it is important to understand that two methodological approaches were used to assess impacts: one method was used to estimate the worstcase impacts to recreation opportunities in the Trinity River Basin and Lower Klamath River Basin/Coastal Area, and one to estimate the changes in recreation use and benefits. Therefore, the purpose of the recreation opportunity analysis presented in Table 3-33 of the DEIR/EIS was different than the recreation use and benefits analysis, which is presented in Table 3-34. The analysis of changes in recreation opportunities focused on the frequency during which flows associated with the alternatives would be outside the preferred ranges identified in Table 3-33 for different recreation activities, and identifying potential adverse flow-related effects of the alternatives.

Alternatively, the net effect of flows on recreation activity was a key objective of the recreation use and benefits analysis presented in Table 3-34. As outlined in Methodology on pages 3-264 and 3-265 of the DEIS/EIR, "the recreation use and benefits analysis is somewhat more comprehensive than the recreation opportunities analysis since it considers the entire river, the entire year, and variables other than flow (i.e., fish harvest)." Use-estimating regression models were used to predict the level of use for four types of recreation activities only: boating, fishing, swimming/wading, and off-river activities such as hiking and nature study. These regression equations quantify the relationship between river visitation and river flow and salmon populations.

3874-24 cont'd As shown in Table 3-34, the higher flows associated with the Flow Evaluation Alternative would have a positive effect on all four of these recreation activities. These results suggest that the positive effect of these flows on recreation opportunities would more than offset the negative effects identified in the Recreation Opportunities Analysis associated with flows being outside the preferred range more frequently for other activities, including recreational mining. As identified by the commentor, the net effect of the Flow Evaluation Alternative on recreation activity is an estimated 22-percent increase over use levels predicted under No Action Conditions.

For a description of the two methodological approaches, please see the Recreation Opportunities Methodology on page 3-264 of the DEIS/EIR, and Recreation Use and Benefits Methodology on page 3-265 of the DEIS/EIR. For additional details on these methodologies, please see the Recreation Resources Technical Appendix D, specifically pages D-5 through D-8.

3874-25

The statement that "Trinity Reservoir levels would be lower than levels under the No Action Alternative in all months" on page 3-417 of the DEIS/EIR is incorrect and has been deleted. Please see Chapter 2 of the FEIS/EIR, Changes to the DEIS/EIR. In addition, Trinity Reservoir elevations have been revised. Please also see Chapter 2 of the FEIS/EIR, Changes to the DEIS/EIR, for specific changes to Trinity Reservoir elevations as shown in Tables 3-3, 3-36, 3-37, and 3-38.

An error was found in the Trinity Reservoir No Action Alternative elevation data used to calculate impacts to recreation opportunities in the DEIS/EIR. As shown in revised Table 3-36 in Chapter 2 of the FEIS/EIR, Changes to the DEIS/EIR, the revised data resulted in a change in the projected recreation facility availability during the primary recreation season. With the new data, the availability of Stuart Fork Ramps increased by 3 percent under the No Action Alternative. The availability of Fairview Ramp increased by

- 2 percent under No Action, as well as the requirement to relocate major marinas. The availability of Trinity Center Ramp increased by 1 percent under No Action. Campground availability increased by 4 percent under No Action, and the availability of Minersville Ramp increased by 1 percent. Because the remaining alternatives are compared to the No Action Alternative, further changes are shown in the table. However, it is important to note that the data revisions did not result in a change in the level of significance of any reservoir opportunity impacts as stated in the DEIS/EIR. All impacts that were noted as significant in the DEIS/EIR remain significant, and all impacts noted as less than significant remain as such.
- 3874-26 The Trinity River Basin socioeconomic impacts stemmed from upfront costs and 2020 recreation and power effects. The up-front impacts are separated from the 2020 impacts due to the time difference. The 2020 impacts include both recreation and power effects.
- 3874-27 Despite the efforts of the economic analyses to cover a broad spectrum of effects, some impacts have been neglected (e.g., tribal fisheries, nonuse values). The intent of the analyses have always been to provide enough information for alternative selection, and not necessarily to provide all the results required for a full-scale benefit-cost comparison. Therefore, it is not possible to make such calculations and comparisons without a considerable number of assumptions.
- The socioeconomic analyses are separated by region and subregion to reflect the varying geographic impact areas associated with each analysis category (fisheries, recreation, agriculture, M&I, power, cost). Table 3-54 presents employment impacts by region, and most impacted sector for each alternative; and this information should provide an overall sense as to the "winners and losers." Although impact estimation down to the community level was not possible with the models, qualitative interpretations to the community level were made where possible.

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Letter from Salmon and Steelhead Recovery Coalition Dated January 4, 2000

2000 5:50PM FROM SSRC 707 4/11 8903 SALMON AND STEELHEAD RECOVERY COALITION California Council Trout Unlimited, California Trout, Inc., Coast Action Group, Environmental Protection Information Center, Northcoast Environmental Center, Northern California Association of River Guides, Pacific Coast Federation of Fishermen's Association Salmonid Restoration Federation, Smith River Alliance Respond to: Just Ellimwood, Coordinator 1426 8th St., Fureka, CA 95501 * (phone and fax) 707-444-8903 * (e-mail) jud@northcoast.com January 4, 2000 Mr. Joe C. Polos U.S. Fish & Wildlife Services 1125 16th Street, Room 209 Arcata, CA 95521 RE: Trinity River Mainstein Fishery Restoration Environmental Impact Statement/Report (EIS/R). Dear Mr. Polos: Please accept these comments of the Salmon and Steelhead Recovery Coalition (SSRC) on the Trinity River Mainstern Fishery Restoration HIS/R. We strongly support the full restoration of the Trinity River in Northern California, and urge immediate implementation of the Maximum Flow Alternative. At the very minimum, the Department of Interior should establish a flow regime that allows the Trinity to keep at least 70 percent of its annual watershed runoff in the river. This is the minimum that should be considered acceptable considering the lengthy legislative history of the Trinity River Division (TRD) and its unique position within the Central Valley Project. Clearly, the fish and wildlife of the basin have priority over the diversion of any water from the basin. The draft indicates that the Maximum Flow Alternative could restore the fisheries to 81 percent of the pre-dam levels. While that is still unacceptable considering the clear mandate to maintain the preservation and natural propagation of the fish and wildlife in the basin, this is the best of the various alternatives. The only true way to fully restore the fisheries would be to remove the dam. It is unfortunate for the river that this alternative was not considered. Had it been, this would clearly be the best option for the river. The Preferred Alternative can only restore the fishery to 66 percent of the pre-dum levels. This is inadequate. This option compromises the fisheries in an attempt to lessen the impacts to the water users and others that have benefited from the excess diversions for the last three and a half decades. The Preferred Alternative is too reliant on mechanical restoration to make up for low flows. We should not depend on buildozers to do what we know increased flows accomplish.

These mechanical restoration techniques are unproven, unreliable, and costly. We can not count

on continued funding to keep up with the mechanical restoration program.

Letter from Salmon and Steelhead Recovery Coalition continued

- 3875-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."
- 3875-2 Regarding dam removal, please see Response 1389-4.
- 3875-3 Please see thematic responses titled "Implementation Funding and Relationship to Repayment, Reimbursement, and the CVPIA Restoration Fund," "Fisheries," and "No Action Alternative/ Existing Conditions Scenario and Range of Alternatives."

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3875-1

3875-2

3875-3

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The goal of the draft and the entire restoration program is to restore the fishery. The Preferred Alternative seems to have as its goal minimizing impacts to water users at the cost of a fully restored fishery. SSRC supports full recovery of the Trimity River as mandated by existing law. The Preferred Alternative will not meet this goal

P. 3

3875-4

3875-5

The Adaptive Management component of both the Preferred Alternative and the Maximum Flow Alternative is far too vague. While Adaptive Management holds promise it is not clearly defined in the document. Pages 2-16 and 2-17 state that a Trinity management council composed of fisheries agency representatives would serve as a policy group to review, modify, accept, or remand recommendations made by a technical modeling and analysis team. However, the draft does not specify which fishery agencies will be involved, or who will make up the technical modeling and analysis team. Also, the draft does not specify in what capacity the stakeholders group, the scientific advisory board, or the external peer reviewers would operate. Before we can accept or reject any adaptive management process, we must know specifically how the program will be operated, by whom, in what capacity, and who will choose the various representatives.

Including a stakeholders' group that is comprised of those who directly benefit from diverting water from the Thinty is an invitation to corpromise the entire process. The decisions made regarding flows and timing of releases should be done in accordance with the needs of the various fish species in the Trinity, not the convenience or needs of the water and power users. We support the formation of an independent peer review panel made up of scientists separate from any group that benefits from dam operations. This panel could then serve as the policy group to review, modify, accept, or remand procedures.

Funding for the relocation of the roads, homes and bridges that would be inundated by higher flows, as well as the necessary alterations to Trinity Dam, should be secured and laid out in the final draft. The Adaptive Management component is heavily reliant on examining the effects of the higher flows on the fluvial geomorphology of the basin and accompanying changes in fish numbers. The Federal Government, not Trinity County, should fund these projects:

The final Record of Decision should call for the implementation of the Maximum Flow Alternative combined with the Watershed Protection element of the Mechanical Restoration Alternative. Road decommissioning, reliabilitation, and maintenance are vital to reducing sediment and complying with the President's Forest Plan and Option 9. It is vital, should the ROD decision not fulfill the mandate to preserve and propagate the fish and wildlife populations in the basin, that other steps be taken to increase flows or study removal the dam. While we can be certain that constructing Trinity Dam and diverting most of the basin water contributed to the rapid decline in natural fish stocks, we can not be so certain that the methods described in the document can fulfill on the promises to restore the populations. We must ensure that the Secretary is given the necessary authority to take measures to further improve the condition of the final and wildlife.

The people, fish and wildlife in the Trinity Basin have suffered for the past 36 years while the taxpayer subsidized agri-business in the Central and San Joaquin Valley have grown rich from the excess diversions. Now the coho are listed as an endangered species and the steelhead are a

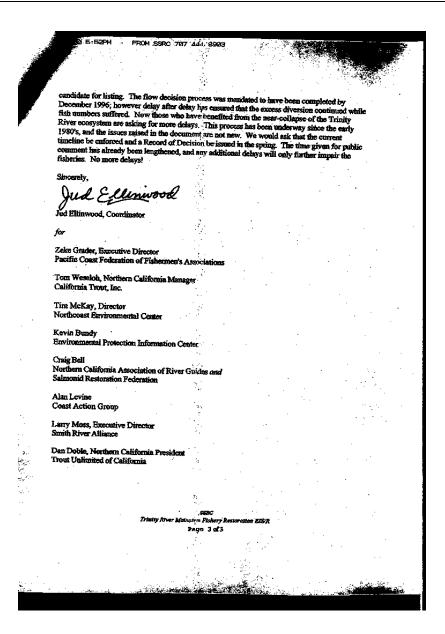
PAGE

Printry River Mainteen Fishery Restoration EIS/R

Page 2 of 3

Letter from Salmon and Steelhead Recovery Coalition continued

- 3875-4 These types of administrative details do not need to be established prior to the Secretary of the Interior making a decision. Please see thematic response titled "Description of the Proposed Action/ Segmenting."
- 3875-5 Please see thematic response titled "Implementation Funding and Relationship to Repayment, Reimbursement, and the CVPIA Restoration Fund."



Letter from Salmon and Steelhead Recovery Coalition continued

3876

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name: Address: AROS WAY ST.

City/State/Zip:

ALAMEDA CA 9450

Official Public Comment

3877

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name: Address:

Proud Supporter of the Fund for Animals in

City/State/Zip:

_ \#

Princilla B. Reichert 2482 Gibbons St. El Cajon, CA 92020-1513

Official Public Comment

3878

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name: Address: 945 High So

21t 1/2 12 5/600/17

City/State/Zip:

Postcards from Gaye Kelly, Priscilla D. Reichert, and D. Randolph

3876-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3877-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3878-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name: Address: City/State/Zip

Official Public Comment

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Thank You,

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City/State/Zip:

Official Public Comment

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Thank You,

City/State/Zip:

Postcards from Dana Ewell, Mona Pagaard, and Rik Thorensen

3879-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3880-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3881-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

D3-1573 RDD/TRINITY3843-3923.DOC

3882

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name: Address:

City/State/Zip:

9460

Official Public Comment

3883

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name: ANN RANDOLPH

Address: 945 HIGH SCHOOL WAY #15
City/State/Zip: MOUNTAIN VIEW CA 94041

.

Official Public Comment

3884

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally-mandated restoration of the reconstitution.

Thank You,

Name:

Address: 1502 Konser E

City/State/Zip: San Jose Ca. 9511

Postcards from Kenneth Heckart, Ann Randolph, and Brian Casby

3882-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3883-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3884-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3885

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoyation of the ecgsystem.

Thank You,

Name: Address:

Address: City/State/Zip: Mr. John S. Schelbe 2307 Buena Visia Av Belmons, CA. 94002

Official Public Comment

3886

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name:

Panet Ferges

Wolford Heights CA 9328

Official Public Comment

3887

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferrid Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You.

Name:

Address: City/State/Zip: ional MS. BARBARA J. FERGES Park 5406 W 117th St. Trust Inglewood, CA 90304

RDD/TRINITY3843-3923.DOC

Postcards from John S. Scheibe, Janet Ferges, and Barbara J. Ferges

3885-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3886-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3887-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3888

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name:

Michael J. Hogan

Address: 841 Hoen La
City/State/Zip: Santa Rosa, CA
9540

Official Public Comment

3889

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You.

Name: RICHARD SCHIEFFER
Address: 2985 MIX CANYON RD
City/State/Zip: VACAVILLE CA 95688

Official Public Comment

3890

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name: Address: S76 HIZCHING POOR DR ST. CHARLES MISSOUR!

City/State/Zip:

63304

Postcards from Michael J. Hogan, Richard Schieffer, and Gary Stull

3888-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3889-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3890-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

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Thank You. Name:

Address:

City/State/Zip:

Official Public Comment

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Official Public Comment

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Thank You

Name: Address:

City/State/Zip:

Postcards from Martin Musgrove, Jeanne Gasen, and Christie Dunn

3891-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3892-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3893-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

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City/State/Zip:

Official Public Comment

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Thank You.

Name: Address:

Willow Creek CA 95573 City/State/Zip:

Official Public Comment

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name: Address:

City/State/Zip:

Postcards from Julie Hochfeld, Debbie O'Banks, and Nat Childs

3894-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3895-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3896-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3997 FLEAST HELP RESERVE

Official Public Comment Tue TRENT

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members: THENKS, JON

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally misitation restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,
Name:
Address:
City/State/Zip:

Thank You,
Name:

RUFUS J. REDERSON

RUFUS J.

Official Public Comment

3898

Dear EfS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name: Sean Carlson
Address: 2927 Freshware Rd
City/State/Zip: Eureka CA 95503

Official Public Comment

3899

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members: -

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name: Tom O'Banks
Address: PO Box 1288

City/State/Zip: Willow Creek CA 95573

Postcards from Rufus J. Pederson, Sean Carlson, and Tom O'Banks

3897-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3898-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3899-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

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Thank You,

Name: Address:

City/State/Zip:

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Thank You,

Name:

City/State/Zip

Official Public Comme

Dear-EIS/EIR Team Members:

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Thank You,

Name:

Address: City/State/Zip:

oli ir tilitli ili i

Postcards from Paul Morgan, Jane Baker, and Keith Kataoka

3900-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3901-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3902-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

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Thank You, Name:

Address: City/State/Zip: WOODINVILLE WA 98072

Official Public Comment

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name: Address: PIEDMONT, CA. 94611 City/State/Zip:

Official Public Comment

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Thank You,

Name: Address:

Postcards from Ken Kawafune, Ann McClain, and Scott Fleming

3903-1	Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."
3904-1	Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."
3905-1	Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

D3-1581 RDD/TRINITY3843-3923.DOC

3906

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name:

Robert von Raesfeld

Address:

900 Lafayette St STE 701

City/State/Zip: Santa Clava CA

Official Public Comment
Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

3907

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water

to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name:

218 Annie C

City/State/Zip:

Apple CreekLr ta Rosa CA 9

Official Public Comment

3908

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

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Thank You,

Name: Address:

4979 Bidwell Fd

City/State/Zip: R. 1821 Co. 96001

Postcards from Robert Von Raesfeld, Elise Dickenson, and David Espy

3906-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3907-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3908-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

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Thank You,

Name: Address:

City/State/Zip;

Official Public Commen

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Thank You,

Name:

City/State/Zip:

Official Public Comment

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Thank You.

Name:

City/State/Zip:

Postcards from Alan Baird, Marilyn Sterling, and Janice Parakilas

3909-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3910-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3911-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3912

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name: Address:

P.O. Box 149

City/State/Zip:

Relway Calif 9576

Official Public Comment

3913

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name:

Address:

City/State/Zip:

Official Public Comment

3914

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

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Thank You,

Name: Address:

City/State/Zip:

Box 655 Kinder HT 96759

Postcards from Roy Baker, Sue O'Reilly, and Tim Kauai

3912-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3913-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3914-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3915

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

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Thank You,

Name: Address:

City/State/Zip:

BX GSS KILANER, HI 96750

Official Public Comment

3916

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name:

Address:

City/State/Zip:

BOX 655 Kilanea, HT

Official Public Comment

3917

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Thank You,

Name:

Address:

City/State/Zip:

JAME MADOOK 91 DISCOVERY RAY BLVD DISCOVERY BAY CA 94514-9448

Postcards from Koalani Kauai, Kai Hamilton, and Jamie Maddox

3915-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3916-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3917-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

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Thank You,

Name: Address:

City/State/Zip:

Official Public Comment

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

I support a diversion of no more that 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin. While I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the recommendations were limited by an assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division, and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP. Therefore, the Preferred Alternative does not go far enough to achieve a legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem.

Thank You,

Name:

Address:

City/State/Zip:

Official Public Comment

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Thank You,

Name:

Address:

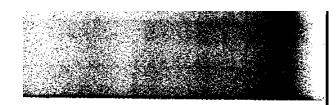
City/State/Zip:

Postcards from Todd Tucker, Mike Purcell, and Marisa Fitch

3918-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3919-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3920-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."



3921

Dear EIS/EIR Team Members:

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Thank You,

City/State/Zip:

Name: Address: Hearther Homitto

Official Public Comment

3922

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Thank You,

City/State/Zip:

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Name: Address:

Ere Hamphrys 3290 FASIMAN Dr.

JAN 06 2008

JS Fish & Wildlife Semic Arcata, CA



Postcards from Heather Hamilton and Eric Humphreys

3921-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

3922-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

RON VANBIANCHI 7035 Crawford Drive Kingston, WA 98346 3923

Letter from Ron Vanbianchi Dated December 29, 1999

3923-1 Please see thematic responses titled "Fisheries."

December 29, 1999

Mr. Joe Polos United States Fish & Wildlife Service 1125 16th Street, Room 209 Arcata, CA 95521

Dear Mr. Polos:

I support a diversion of no more than 30 percent of the natural water flow from the Trinity River Basin.

Although I support the science and study that produced the Flow Evaluation Report, the assumption about the amount of water that could be available for the river limits the report's recommendations. In addition, the Preferred Alternative does not ensure adequate resources to achieve the legally mandated restoration of the ecosystem. Legislation creating the Trinity River Division and additional legislation clearly gives Trinity fish and wildlife priority over the diversion of any water to the CVP.

3923-1

Sincerely,

Pon Wandstream Ron Vandianchi

